

↓↓↓↓ **TASK: Do the following exercises, please.**

Send your answers till **May 4th, 2020 r.**

1 Match words 1–6 with words A–F to form compound nouns.

1 racing	A put
2 horse	B lifting
3 shot	C driver
4 weight	D racing
5 martial	E -fixing
6 match	F arts

2 Read the questions and write the correct words. The first letters have been given.

What do you call ...

- 1 a person who goes sailing? a **s**_____
- 2 a place filled with water, where you go swimming? a **p**_____
- 3 a place covered with grass, where you play football? a **p**_____
- 4 a sport in which you shoot arrows from a bow? **a**_____
- 5 a sport in which two people fight by holding and throwing each other? **w**_____
- 6 a piece of sports equipment used for rowing a boat? an **o**_____
- 7 a piece of clothing you wear to protect your hands? a **g**_____

3 Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1 Frank loves being outdoors and he **plays / does / goes** sailing a few times every year.
- 2 The boxer was knocked **up / out / down** in the third round.
- 3 Real Madrid **drew / won / lost** with FC Barcelona 2:2.
- 4 Someone who makes sure the tennis players obey the rules is called a(n) **umpire / judge / referee**.
- 5 Our school football team **gained / got / scored** 7 goals in the last competition.
- 6 Many amateur sportsmen decide to **go / move / be** professional after their first successes.
- 7 What do I have to do to **start / join / enter** the swimming competition?

4 Complete the text with the correct words. Some letters have been given.

A famous British jockey, and the (1) **d**_____ **g** champion, John Brown, won yesterday's race by a (2) **h**__**d**. After a bad start, he managed to (3) **n**____**w** the gap between himself and Peter Kurt, a German jockey. They were going (4) **n**____ and ____**k** for some time, but John Brown was much better at the finish. He became the champion for the second year (5) **r**_____**g**.

5 Match the parts of sentences. There are two extra sentence endings which you do not need to use.

- 1 Marconi made good use of the free kick and
- 2 We went zorbing last weekend –
- 3 Mary Oliver won a 400-metre race
- 4 The first half was rather uneventful, but then
- 5 The Greek relay race team

- A** rolling down the hill in a huge ball was so much fun.
- B** in a photo finish.
- C** going parachuting was really exciting.
- D** lost the baton during the race.
- E** Tiger Woods got a hole in one.
- F** the Italian team won the match.
- G** Asher scored a hat trick for Manchester City.

6 Przeczytaj cztery krótkie teksty. Dobierz właściwy nagłówek (A–F) do każdego fragmentu tekstu i odpowiednią literę w miejsca 1–4. Uwaga: dwa nagłówki zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnego fragmentu tekstu.

- A** A source of emotions
- B** A danger to others
- C** Feeling part of a group

- D** A need for a show
- E** entertainment for the whole family
- F** Too keen on sports

WHY DO WE WATCH SPORTS?

1 ____
I think people love spectacles. We go to see plays, concerts, films and all kinds of performances. Sport is especially attractive to us because it involves competition and we enjoy watching our favourites win a gold medal. In my opinion, we are competitive by nature and that's why so many people are interested in doing or watching sports. Sports organisations understand this need for entertainment and have turned sporting events into big business.

2 ____
I'm really into sports, especially athletics, so of course, I always look forward to watching the Olympic Games every four years. I think that watching sports can give us a lot of positive energy and make us optimistic about life. It's very moving when you watch professional sportspeople do their best during the competitions and you share with them the joy of victory and the tears of failure.

3 ____
I occasionally watch sports on TV just like I might go to see a good film at the cinema or read a good book. For me, it's just a form of entertainment. What I can't understand about watching sports, though, is that it becomes an obsession for some people and it is the only thing they can really talk about. They can't just enjoy sports without going crazy about them.

4 ____
I've been a great fan of football ever since I can remember. When I was a kid, I used to go to watch our local football team with my parents, but now I usually go to matches with my friends. I believe that people often identify with the group around them. They support their local clubs for much the same reason why they watch games played by their national team. The teams represent us in a competition and it feels great to share the emotions of a sporting event with other spectators.

7 Read the definitions and write the correct words.

- 1 a sport in which people use boats and oars to race against each other: **r**_____
- 2 loose trousers and top which people wear to practise sports: **t**_____
- 3 a person who makes the decisions during some games: **r**_____

8 Write sentences using the ideas below.

1 Powiedz, że na pierwszym planie widzisz dwie osoby, które ćwiczą na siłowni.

2 Powiedz, że osoba na zdjęciu wygląda, jakby była bardzo zmęczona.

3 Powiedz, że ludzie na zdjęciu sprawiają wrażenie bardzo szczęśliwych.

9 Read the writing task and answers questions 1–2 in full sentences.

Właśnie wróciłeś/wróciłaś z obozu sportowego. W liście do kolegi ze Szkocji:

- napisz, jakie sporty uprawiałeś/uprawiałaś na obozie,
- przedstaw swoją opinię na temat obozu.

1 What activities did you do during the camp?

2 Did you enjoy the camp? Why? Why not?

10 Przeczytaj poniższy tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C.

Have you heard of a most unusual sporting activity called 'extreme ironing'? The activity (1)___ taking an ironing board and a wireless iron to extreme locations, where the participants iron a piece of clothing. If you want to take (2)___ this activity, you'll need good skills in a range of sports, such as rock climbing, running, skiing and even scuba diving.

The story of extreme ironing began in 1997 with a man called Phil Shaw. After he had come home from work one day, Phil wanted to (3)___ rock climbing, but also had a pile of clothes that needed ironing. So he decided to combine the two activities and 'extreme ironing' was born. A few years later, the activity had become so popular that in 2002, the first international event, called the extreme Ironing World Championships, was (4)___ in Germany.

Since the activity was started in 1997, extreme ironing adventures have taken (5)___ in some very dangerous locations, including mountains, forests, Arctic areas and even the middle of a motorway.

- | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| 1 A combines | B connects | C involves |
| 2 A away | B up | C down |
| 3 A take | B go | C play |
| 4 A held | B taken | C done |
| 5 A part | B care | C place |

Pozdrawiam